Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2013

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GENERAL INFORMATION

DIRECTORS: Chris Hickling

Janine Lewis

David Stephenson

ADMINISTRATOR, SECRETARY, Praxis Fund Services Limited

CUSTODIAN AND REGISTRAR: PO Box 296

Sarnia House Le Truchot St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 4NA

REGISTERED OFFICE: Sarnia House

Le Truchot St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 4NA

AUDITOR: Saffery Champness

PO Box 141

La Tonnelle House Les Banques St Sampson Guernsey GY1 3HS

BANKERS: Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited

PO Box 188 Glategny Court Glategny Esplanade

St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3LP

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO: 52616

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For the year ended 30 September 2013

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2013.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The Company is a Guernsey registered closed-ended investment company and is subject to the Registered Collective Investment Scheme Rules 2008.

Under the terms of the Company's prospectus, in the absence of a special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate on 3 October 2016.

Results and Dividends

The profit and loss statement is set out on page 7. The Directors do not propose a dividend for the year (2012: Nil).

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the period and to date are detailed below.

Chris Hickling

Janine Lewis

David Stephenson

No Director had any beneficial interest in the shares of the Company.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing a Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and applicable regulations.

The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ('UK GAAP').

Under The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for the year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2013

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

The Directors confirm that:

- so far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- each Director has taken all the steps he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.
- the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been prepared in accordance with UK GAAP and with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint Saffery Champness as auditor will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

Chris Hickling Director 6 January 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of International Titans Basket Limited

We have audited the financial statements of International Titans Basket Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 September 2013, which comprise the Profit and Loss account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet, Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds, Cash Flow Statement and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 262 of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on pages 4 and 5, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the United Kingdom Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies, we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view;
- are in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles; and
- comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept by the Company;
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have failed to obtain all the information and explanations, which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

SAFFERY CHAMPNESS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
GUERNSEY
6 January 2014

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 30 September 2013

	Notes	Year ended 30/09/2013 AUD	Year ended 30/09/2012 AUD
REVENUE			
Interest income	3	101,228	213,356
GAIN ON INVESTMENTS			
Investments at fair value through profit and loss - unrealised	4	4,262,956	5,061,215
		4,364,184	5,274,571
OPERATING EXPENSES	6	(955,597)	(1,012,284)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		3,408,587	4,262,287
Earnings per ordinary share			
Basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share	7	56.25	70.33
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSS For the year ended 30 September 2013	ES	Year ended 30/09/2013 AUD	Year ended 30/09/2012 AUD
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		3,408,587	4,262,287
GAIN ON INVESTMENTS Available-for-sale investments - unrealised	5	2,603,982	5,441,880
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS FOR THE YEAR		6,012,569	9,704,167

All gains and losses are derived from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses for the year other than those reported above

BALANCE SHEET As at 30 September 2013

		20	013	20	12
	Notes	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments at fair value through profit and					
loss	4	18,587,361		14,324,405	
Available-for-sale investments	5	52,202,052	_	49,598,070	
	·		70,789,413		63,922,475
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors and prepayments	8	408,509		519,755	
Cash at bank		2,740,335		3,433,236	
	•	3,148,844	-	3,952,991	•
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year					
Creditors and accruals	9	11,725	_	9,346	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,137,119		3,943,645
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year					
Creditors and accruals	9		(191,414)		(143,571)
			73,735,118		67,722,549
					0.,.==,0.0
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Share capital	10		608		608
Share premium	11		60,522,534		60,522,534
Profit and loss account			1,699,188		(1,709,399)
Revaluation reserve	12		11,512,788		8,908,806
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			73,735,118		67,722,549
Number of fully paid ordinary shares			60,600		60,600
Net Asset Value per ordinary share			1,216.75		1,117.53

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 6 January 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Chris Hickling Director

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS For the year ended 30 September 2013

	Management Shareholders		Ordinary Shareholde			Total
	Share capital AUD	Share capital AUD	Share premium AUD	Profit and loss account AUD	Revaluation reserve AUD	Total AUD
Year ended 30 September 2	012					
At 30 September 2011	2	606	60,566,351	(5,971,686)	3,466,926	58,062,199
Setup costs incurred (see note 11)	-	-	(43,817)	-	-	(43,817)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	4,262,287	-	4,262,287
Revaluation of available-for- sale investments (see note 12)	-	-	-	-	5,441,880	5,441,880
At 30 September 2012	2	606	60,522,534	(1,709,399)	8,908,806	67,722,549
Year ended 30 September	2013					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	3,408,587	-	3,408,587
Revaluation of available- for-sale investments (see note 12)	-	-	-	-	2,603,982	2,603,982
At 30 September 2013	2	606	60,522,534	1,699,188	11,512,788	73,735,118

CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 30 September 2013

		Year ended 30/09/2013	Year ended 30/09/2012
	Notes	AUD	AUD
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING GAIN TO NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash flows from operating activities Operating gain for the year Less:		3,408,587	4,262,287
Interest income	3	(101,228)	(213,356)
Adjustments for non-cash items: Gain on investments at fair value through profit and loss	4	(4,262,956)	(5,061,215)
Working capital adjustments: Decrease/(increase) in debtors and prepayments Increase in creditors and accruals	8 9	1,262 50,222	(48,479) 105,530
Net cash outflow from operating activities	-	(904,113)	(955,233)
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(904,113)	(955,233)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest income	3	211,212	213,356
Financing			
Setup costs incurred	11	-	(43,817)
	_	-	(43,817)
Net decrease in cash		(692,901)	(785,694)
Cash at the beginning of the year		3,433,236	4,218,930
Cash at the end of the year	_	2,740,335	3,433,236
	-		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of International Titans Basket Limited, with domicile in Guernsey, have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (UK GAAP).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Foreign exchange

Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into Australian Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

Income

Bank interest is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Investments

The Company's option investments are designated as investments at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company's bond investments are designated as available-for-sale investments.

All investments are measured initially at cost, which is the fair value of whatever was paid to acquire them. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the profit and loss account. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

After initial recognition, the Company uses the following measurement bases for its investments:

- i) Those so designated at inception: Fair value through profit and loss;
- ii) Available-for-sale investments: Fair value through equity.

Fair value is calculated using quoted market prices, independent appraisals, discounted cash flow analysis or other appropriate valuation models at the year end date. Gains arising on the disposal of investments are recognised in the profit and loss account, as are unrealised gains on investment at fair value through profit and loss. Unrealised gains on available-for-sale investments are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses. All gains or losses are recognised in the period in which they arise. Prior year revaluation gains on available-for-sale investments disposed of during the year are recycled through profit and loss in the period in which the investments are disposed of.

Taxation

The Company is exempt from Guernsey income tax under the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance 1989 and is charged an annual exemption fee of £600.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

2. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS

The following significant agreements have been entered into by the Company:

Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement

Under the Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the administrator, for its services as administrator, secretary, custodian and registrar, a fee of 0.15% per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date). This fee is payable annually in advance each year until the termination date, the date of compulsory redemption of the ordinary shares. In addition the administrator is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the Advisor, for its services as advisor, a fee of 0.6% per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date) payable in advance on the first Business Day of each year, until the Termination Date. In addition the Advisor is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees.

Distribution Agreement

Under the Distribution Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the Distributors a fee of 0.7% per annum of that portion of the Company's funds that is derived from the subscription amount subscribed for by Subscribers introduced by the Distributor (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date), or holders of existing issued Ordinary Shares introduced by the Distributor and who elect to remain invested in the Company (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date), payable in advance on the first Business Day of each year, until the Termination Date.

3. INTEREST INCOME	Year ended	Year ended
	30 September	30 September
	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
Bank interest receivable	101,228	213,356
4. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
JP Morgan Index Option		
Balance brought forward	14,324,405	9,263,190
Fair value adjustment for the year	4,262,956	5,061,215
Fair value carried forward	18,587,361	14,324,405
5. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
Zero Coupon Bond issued by Investec plc		
Balance brought forward	49,598,070	44,156,190
Fair value adjustment for the year	2,603,982	5,441,880
Fair value carried forward	52,202,052	49,598,070

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

6. OPERATING EXPENSES	Year ended	Year ended
•	30 September	30 September
	2013 AUD	2012 AUD
	AUD	AUD
Auditor's remuneration	12,441	9,064
Administration fees	91,352	91,282
Distribution fees	423,916	424,543
GFSC licence fees	4,976	4,862
Investment advisory fees	363,600	365,129
Interest payable	47,843	105,862
Listing fees	2,754	2,586
Statutory fees	1,687	1,666
Sponsorship fees	3,461	3,468
Professional indemnity insurance	1,659	1,601
Sundry	1,908	2,221
	955,597	1,012,284
7. EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE		
The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share is based on the fo	ollowing data:	
,	Year ended	Year ended
;	30 September	30 September
	2013	2012
Earnings attributable to ordinary shares:	AUD	AUD
Earnings for purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share being profit for		
the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	3,408,587	4,262,287
Number of shares:		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the		
purpose of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	60,600	60,600
Earnings per ordinary share	56.25	70.33
A weighted average number of shares has been calculated to enable users to ga		•
earnings generated per share through the year. The weighted average has been number of days shares have actually been in issue and hence their ability to influe		
8. DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
Accrued bank interest	1,752	111,736
Prepaid administration fees	41,839	41,839
Prepaid distributor fees	194,463	195,884
Prepaid investment advisory fees	167,356	167,356
Other prepayments	3,099	2,940
- -	408,509	519,755

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

9. CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS	2013 AUD	2012 AUD
Due within one year		
Audit fee	11,725	9,346
Due after more than one year		
Interest payable	191,414	143,571
10. SHARE CAPITAL	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
Authorised:		
10 management shares of AUD 1.00 each	10	10
999,000 ordinary shares of AUD 0.01 each	9,990	9,990
	10,000	10,000
	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
Issued and fully paid:		
2 management shares of AUD 1.00 each	2	2
60,600 ordinary shares of AUD 0.01 each	606	606
	608	608

No ordinary shares were issued or redeemed during the year.

Ordinary shares are entitled to 1 vote each at a general meeting of the Company. The ordinary shares may be compulsorily redeemed on the Redemption Date, 3 October 2016. Ordinary shareholders are entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company and any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company after the payment of creditors and redemption of the management shares at their nominal value.

Management shares are entitled to 10,000 votes each at a general meeting of the Company. Management shares may only be owned by The Basket Trust (see note 14) or its nominee. Management shareholders are not entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company nor any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company in excess of the nominal value of the management shares.

11. SHARE PREMIUM	2013 AUD	2012 AUD
Balance brought forward Setup costs incurred	60,522,534 -	60,566,351 (43,817)
Balance carried forward	60,522,534	60,522,534

The setup costs paid in the prior year relate to marketing and media costs incurred in relation to the launch of the Company. These charges were not invoiced to the Company until the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

12. REVALUATION RESERVE	2013 AUD	2012 AUD
Balance brought forward	8,908,806	3,466,926
Revaluation of available-for-sale investments during the year	2,603,982	5,441,880
Balance carried forward	11,512,788	8,908,806

13. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The immediate controlling party at the year end date is Praxis Fiduciaries Limited as trustee of The Basket Trust, which owns the Management shares in the Company. The ultimate controlling party is Praxis Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Guernsey.

Praxis Fund Services Limited ('PFSL') (the administrator of the Company with effect from 1 May 2011) is deemed to be a related party, as Janine Lewis and Chris Hickling are Directors of the Company and of PFSL and David Stephenson is a Director of the Company and an employee of PFSL. During the year PFSL received AUD 91,352 (2012: AUD 91,282) for their services as administrator, for their services as administrator. At the year end date administration fees of AUD 41,839 had been paid to PFSL in advance (2012: AUD 41,839).

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

(i) Market risk

(a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's measurement currency. The Company is not materially exposed to foreign exchange risk as most transactions are in Australian Dollars. The Company's management monitors exchange rate fluctuations on an ongoing basis.

The Company has no material currency exposures at either 30 September 2013 or 30 September 2012.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as it invests cash and bank balances at short term interest rates. At 30 September 2013, the Company held cash on call account of AUD 2,740,335 (2012: AUD 133,236), which earns interest at floating rates. The company also held AUD nil (2012: AUD 3,300,000) on fixed deposit, which earns interest at a fixed rate.

Had these balances existed for the whole of the year, the effect on the Profit and Loss Account of an increase/decrease in short term interest rates of 0.5% per annum would have been an increase/decrease in post-tax profit for the year of AUD 13,702 (2012: AUD 17,166).

The available-for-sale investments are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. However, whilst changes in market interest rates may give rise to short-term fluctuations in fair value, if the bonds are held to maturity their maturity value is fixed and therefore not subject to interest rate risk.

The Company has no other material interest rate exposures at 30 September 2013.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

(c) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Company's investments at fair value through profit and loss are directly affected by changes in market prices.

Price risk is managed by investing in a call option on a basket of indices, with an international bank, JP Morgan. At the balance sheet date JP Morgan has a Fitch long-term credit rating of A+ (2012: A+).

Price risk is managed by investing in a zero coupon bond, with an international bank, Investec plc. At the balance sheet date Investec plc has a long-term Fitch credit rating of BBB- (2012: BBB-).

The investments at fair value through profit and loss and available-for-sale investments expose the Company to price risk. The details are as follows:

	2013	2012
	AUD	AUD
Index call option with JP Morgan	18,587,361	14,324,405
Investec plc Zero Coupon Bonds	52,202,052	49,598,070
	70,789,413	63,922,475

A 3 per cent increase/decrease in the value of the investments at fair value through profit and loss at 30 September 2013 would have increased/decreased the Net Asset Value of the Company by AUD 557,621 (2012: AUD 429,732).

A 3 per cent increase/decrease in the value of the available-for-sale investments at 30 September 2013 would have increased/decreased the Net Asset Value of the Company by AUD 1,566,062 (2012: AUD 1,487,942).

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter-parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the year end date. These financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, debtors, available-for-sale investments and investments at fair value through profit and loss. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying value or fair value of these instruments.

The Company aims to manage credit risk by holding its securities and cash assets with reputable banking institutions with an investment grade long-term credit rating, ie a Fitch rating in the range AAA+ to BBB-. In the event of any downgrading in the long-term credit rating of any issuer below this level, the Company in its absolute discretion would consider the following courses of action: selling the relevant securities to third party purchasers and reinvesting the proceeds in the purchase of securities of another issuer, such that the new securities would replicate as closely as possible the terms and conditions of the original securities; and transferring cash to another banking institution. The Directors would only seek to sell the relevant securities or transfer cash if they consider, having consulted with the investment advisor, that such would be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Company monitors the creditworthiness of its counterparties on an ongoing basis.

The majority of the Company's trade and receivables consist of prepayments and there is no credit risk associated with these balances.

The available-for-sale investments are held with Investec plc, which has a Fitch long-term rating of BBB- (2012: BBB-) at the balance sheet date. The investments at fair value through profit and loss are held with JP Morgan, which has a Fitch long-term rating of A+ (2012: A+) at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet financial liability obligations as they fall due, which may cause financial losses to the Company. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions on a short-term basis in order to maintain a high level of liquidity. This ensures that the Company is able to complete transactions in a timely manner, thus minimising the Company's exposure to such losses.

The Board reviews the cash of the Company every quarter and will subsequently move monies from the direct reserve to the call account to meet its short term investments. At 30 September 2013 the cash on call to be applied to short term obligations was AUD 2,740,335 (2012: AUD 133,236), which is considered by the Board to be sufficient to meet all the Company's short term obligations.

The following table analyses the Company's financial liabilities, which will be settled on a net basis, into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

30 September 2013	Less than 6 months AUD	6 to 12 months AUD	1 to 5 years AUD
Trade and other payables	11,725	-	191,414
Net exposure	11,725	-	191,414
	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years
30 September 2012	AUD	AUD	AUD
Trade and other payables	9,346	-	143,571
Net exposure	9,346	-	143,571

(iv) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses instruments carried at fair value, by level of the fair value hierarchy. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (ie as prices) or indirectly (ie derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at 30 September 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
Investments at fair value through profit and				
loss	-	18,587,361	-	18,587,361
Available-for-sale investments	-	52,202,052	-	52,202,052
	-	70,789,413	-	70,789,413

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2013

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(iv) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

As at 30 September 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
Investments at fair value through profit and				
loss	-	14,324,405	-	14,324,405
Available-for-sale investments	-	49,598,070	-	49,598,070
	-	63,922,475	_	63,922,475

(v) Capital risk management

The Company's capital comprises the funds it has raised through the issue of share capital.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern, the Board continuously monitors forecast and actual cash flows and matches the maturity profiles of assets and liabilities. The Company has no external borrowings.

15. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no significant post year end events requiring disclosure in these financial statements.